MATDIP301

Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2022 Advanced Mathematics – I

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1 a. Find the modulus and amplitude of $\frac{1}{1-\cos\alpha+i\sin\alpha}$. (07 Marks)
 - b. Express $\frac{(3+i)(1-3i)}{2+i}$ in the form of x + iy. (06 Marks)
 - c. Find the cube roots of 1-1 (07 Marks)
- 2 a. Find the nth derivative of $\frac{x}{(x+1)(2x+1)}$. (07 Marks)
 - b. Find the nth derivative of cosx cos3x cos5x. (06 Marks)
 - c. If $y = a \cos(\log x) + b \sin(\log x)$ show that $x^2y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2+1)y_n = 0$. (07 Marks)
- 3 a. Show that the following pairs of curves intersect orthogonally $r_1 = a (1 + \sin \theta)$ and $r_2 = a(1 \sin \theta)$. (07 Marks)
 - b. With usual notations prove that $\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$ (06 Marks)
 - c. Expand $\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x}$ by Maclaurin's series upto the term containing x^4 . (07 Marks)
- 4 a. State and prove Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions. (07 Marks)
 - b. If u = f(x y, y z, z x) show that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$. (06 Marks)
 - c. If $u = x + 3y^2 z^3$, $v = 4x^2yz$, $w = 2z^2 xy$ find $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ at (1, -1, 0). (07 Marks)
- 5 a. Obtain a reduction formula for $I_n = \int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^n x \, dx$, n being a positive integer. (07 Marks)
 - b. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{x}^{\sqrt{x}} (x^2 + y^2) dy dx$ (06 Marks)
 - c. Evaluate $\iint_{10}^{1} \int_{0}^{x+z} (x+y+z) \, dy \, dx \, dz.$ (07 Marks)

MATDIP301

6 a. Prove that
$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$
.

(07 Marks)

a. Prove that
$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$
.
b. Express $I = \int_{0}^{1} x^{3/2} (1-x)^{1/2} dx$ in terms of beta function.

b. Express
$$I = \int_{0}^{1} x^{3/2} (1-x)^{1/2} dx$$
 in terms of beta function.

c. Show that
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} \times \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} d\theta = \pi.$$

a. Solve: $(2x + y + 1) dx + (x + 2y + 1) dy \Rightarrow 0$.

b. Solve
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \cos x$$
.

c. Solve: $\sec^{2}x \tan y dx + \sec^{2}y \tan x dy = 0$.

7 a. Solve:
$$(2x + y + 1)dx + (x + 2y + 1)dy \Rightarrow 0$$

b. Solve
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cot x = \cos x$$

c. Solve:
$$\sec^2 x \tan y dx + \sec^2 y \tan x dy = 0$$

8 a. Solve:
$$6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 17\frac{dy}{dx} + 12y = e^{-x}$$

a. Solve:
$$6\frac{x^2}{dx^2} + 17\frac{x}{dx} + 12y = e^{-x}$$
.

b. Solve: $4\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} + 8\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 7\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$.

c. Solve: $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - y = 3\cos 2x$.

c. Solve:
$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - y = 3\cos 2x$$